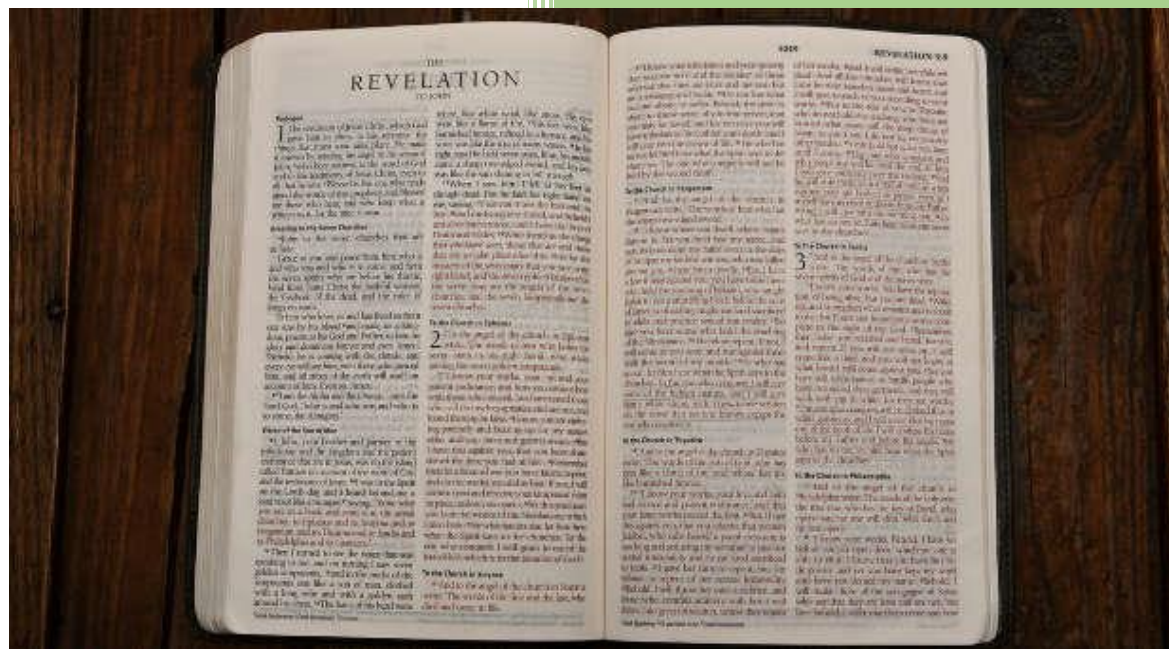


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A Book of Bible Doctrines



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LIGHTHOUSE MINISTRIES
DOCTRINE
BOOK 1

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THE BIBLE

The Bible is God's Holy Book. The Bible is made up of 66 Books, 39 books in the Old Testament and 27 in the New Testament. The name Bible is derived from the Greek word (BIBLOS) meaning book. The Bible is **INSPIRED** by God, which means it is God breathed. The Bible is **INERRANT** which means it is without error. The Bible is **INFALLIBLE** which means it is incapable of error. The Bible is **INDESTRUCTIBLE** which means you cannot destroy it. The Bible is **INEXHAUSTIBLE** which means it endures forever. The Bible is **INDISPENSABLE** which means it is absolutely necessary. The Bible was written over a period of 1500 years by some 40 different people from all walks of life. The Bible is also **PLENARY**, meaning it is full and complete. We need not any other revelation from any man of so call gods, The Bible is God' complete **WORD** and finally authority.

1. Psalm 33:4 Are all the words of the Lord right?
2. Psalm 119:89 Where was God's Word settled?
3. Isaiah 40:8 What will stand forever?
4. 1 Peter 1:25 What will endure forever?
5. How many books are in the Bible?
6. Over how many years was the Bible written?
7. How many different people wrote the Bible?
8. Give the meaning of the following words,

Inspired

Inerrancy

Infallible

Indestructible

Inexhaustible

Indispensable

Plenary

8. How many books in the Old Testament?
9. How many books in the New Testament?
10. What is the first and last book in the Bible?

GOD

God is from everlasting to everlasting. God is Holy, Righteous, Pure and without sin. God is a TRINITY. The word TRINITY means three is used to express a teaching of the Bible but is a word that is used to express a teaching of the Bible. God is one God, yet He has expressed Himself to us as three separate persons. The Father, The Son, and The Holy Spirit. God is a God of Love and at the same time a God of Judgment. The attributes of God are that He is omniscient, omnipresent, and omnipotent. OMNISCIENCE---all knowledge, OMNIPRESENCE---everywhere at same time, a God at hand--OMNIPOTENCE--all powerful.

1. Isaiah 46:9 Is there anyone like God?
2. Job 36:26 Can you number the years of God?
3. Psalm 93:2 Is God from everlasting?
4. Psalm 41:13 Is God from everlasting to everlasting?
5. Psalm 147:5 Who is great, has power, and is infinite?
6. Jeremiah 32:17 Is there anything too hard for God?
7. John 10:30 Are God and Jesus one?
8. 1 John 5:7-8 What three bear record in heaven?
9. Give the meaning of the words:

Omniscience

Omnipresence

Omnipotence

JESUS

Jesus is God's only begotten Son. Jesus was with the Father during creation. There was never a time when Jesus did not exist. Jesus was born of a virgin, and He lived a sinless life. Jesus came to seek and save the lost. Jesus had to die and shed His blood on the cross for our salvation. After His death he was in the grave three days and three nights and came out of the grave on the first day the week Sunday. By Jesus coming out of the grave He showed victory over death and the grave. Jesus now sits at God's right hand making intercession for the save and welcome the sinner for salvation. Jesus is perfect, Holy, Just, Sinless and Righteous.

1. Isaiah 7:14 What type of woman gave birth to Jesus?
2. Matthew 1:18 When was Mary found to be with child?
3. Matthew 1:23 What does the word Emmanuel mean?
4. John 3:16 Is Jesus God's only begotten son?
5. John 17:5 Was Jesus with God before the world was?
6. Mark 1:24 Who is the Holy One of God?
7. Romans 5:6 Who did Jesus die for?
8. Ephesians 1:7 How are we redeem?
9. 1 John 1:7 What does the blood of Jesus do for us?
10. Romans 5:9 How are we justified?

HOLY SPIRIT

The Holy Spirit is the third part of the God Head. The Holy Spirit is not a (IT) He is a person. There was never a time when He did not exist. We can see during creation the Holy Spirit was there (Genesis 1:2). All through the Old Testament we can see the Holy Spirit being mentioned. The Holy Spirit is so time called the Holy Ghost. The Holy Spirit has different functions. The Holy Spirit leads, guides, comforts, convicts, teaches, and dwells in the believer. He is sometimes called the Spirit of Truth. After Jesus was glorified, the Holy Spirit was given on the day of Pentecost. The Holy Spirit was given to the church to empower them and give them authority.

1. Genesis 1:2 What moved upon the face of the waters?
2. Genesis 6:3 What will not always strive with men?
3. Isaiah 48:16 Who had sent Isaiah?
4. Matthew 3:16 Who was at the baptizing of Jesus?
5. Luke 2:25 What was upon Simeon?
6. John 6:63 Who quickens us?
7. John 14:26 Who is the Comforter?
8. John 16:8 Name the two functions of the Spirit?
9. Romans 8:9 Does the Holy Spirit dwell in the believer?
10. Galatians 5:16 What should we walk in?

SALVATION

When Adam sinned in the Garden of Eden, he plunged the whole human race into sin. Sin is a transgression of God's Law. Because of Sin, Death was passed to all man. The only way to escape eternal death is through Jesus Christ the Savior. Jesus came to seek and to save the lost. All mankind has sinned and come short of God. We cannot save ourselves. Jesus came and paid the price on the cross by giving His life and shedding His blood for the atonement of sin. Salvation is by God's grace through Jesus Christ. We must believe is not by works, baptism, church membership or anything else.

1. Romans 3:10 Is there anyone righteous?
2. Romans 6:23 What is the wages of sin?
3. Romans 6:23 What is the gift of God?
4. Romans 5:12 What came because of sin?
5. Romans 5:12 What death passed to all men because of Adam's sin?
6. Romans 5:8 What did God love us?
7. Romans 5:9 How are justified?
8. Romans 10:9-10 How is a person saved?
9. Ephesians 2:8-9 Are we saved by grace without works?
10. Ephesians 1:7 By what do we have redemption?

ETERNAL SECURITY

There are over 100 Bible Scriptures that teach Eternal Security. In most scriptures where Salvation is mentioned it is a mention of being everlasting, forever or eternal. Nowhere in the Bible does it show or teach any save person losing their salvation. A person can backslide and lost their fellowship with God or Jesus. Once you are born into the family of God you can not get unborn.

The Lord Jesus is Eternal and what He does for the believer is Eternal. We are saved by the power of God and kept by His power. (I Peter 1:5) In John 10: 28 ***I give unto them eternal life... neither shall any man pluck them out of my hand...*** Verse 29 ***My Father which gave them me, is greater than all: and no man is able to pluck out of my Father's hand.*** To say you can lose your salvation is to say that you have God's power and are greater than GOD.

1. John 5:24 What type of life does Jesus give us?
2. John 10:28 Can the save perish?
3. John 10:28-29 Can the save be plucked from Jesus or God's hand?
4. Ephesians 1:13 Who seals the believer?
5. I Timothy 4:18 How long is the believer preserved?
6. Hebrews 9:12 What type of redemption does the save have?
7. Hebrews 7:25 He saves the believe to what?
8. 1 John 1:9 Can the saved who are born of God commit sin?
9. 1 John 5:11 What has God given the saved?
10. 1 John 5:13 The saved may know what?

THE BLOOD

For a person to be saved blood had to be shed. All thought the Old Testament blood was shed to atone for sin. Each year the High priest had to make a blood sacrifice for his sins and then for the sins of the people. All the sacrifices pointed to when Jesus would come and shed His blood for an atonement for sins, past, present, and future. The Bible says without the shedding of blood there is no remissions for sins. (Hebrews 9:22) All the blood of animals could not atone for sins. The only thing it did was to push back their sins for one more year until Jesus came and shed his blood for sin. The Bible says that we are redeemed by the precious blood of Christ.

1. Romans 5:9 How is a person justified?
2. Ephesians 1:7 How is a person redeemed?
3. Ephesians 2:13 What does the blood of Christ do?
4. Colossians 1:14 Does the blood of Christ have power to forgive sins?
5. Colossians 1:20 How does one obtained peace?
6. Hebrews 9:12 By whose blood do we have redemption?
7. Hebrews 13:12 How are we sanctified?
8. Hebrews 13:20 Was Jesus blood a everlasting covenant?
9. 1 John 1:7 What does the blood of Jesus do for us?
10. Revelation 1:5 What washes our sins?

ATONEMENT

The word (Atonement) means the act of atoning, amends, or reconciliation. The reconciliation of God with man through Christ. Atonement is made by Jesus through His blood. Jesus came to take away sin by His blood and to bring us to God. John the apostle stated that Jesus is the One that can take away sin. (John 1:29) Jesus stated that if He be lifted up, He would draw all men unto Him (John 12:32) By Jesus death and the shedding of His blood He made an atonement for all men. We are made nigh to God by the blood of Jesus. Jesus paid the price for atonement by giving His life on the cross.

1. Luke 24:46 Did Christ suffer for us?
2. John 1:29 What did John say about Jesus?
3. Romans 3:24 Is there redemption in Jesus?
4. Romans 4:25 Who was offer for our offenses?
5. Romans 5:9 How are we justified?
6. I Corinthians 15:3 Did Christ die for our sins?
7. Galatians 4:4-5 Why did Christ come?
8. Ephesians 1:7 in whom do we have redemption?
9. 1 Timothy 2:5-6 What did Jesus do for us?
10. Titus 2:14 Did Christ redeem us from all iniquities?

BAPTISM

The Greek word for Baptize is (BAPTIZO) which means to dip or immersed.

Jesus while here on earth gave the authority to the CHURCH to baptize. Every New Testament Christian was baptized into a local New Testament Church. Baptism is the first step to obedience after a person is saved. A person is baptized to identify themselves with Christ. It is also a step in a person new walk with the Lord. A person takes upon themselves a picture of the death, burial, and resurrection of Christ.

In the New Testament we find all that were saved were baptized by being immersed. There is not one account of anyone being sprinkled or having water poured on them for baptism.

John the one called a Baptist only baptized those that had confessed their sins and believed in Jesus. We find the New Testament Church baptize only those who believe first.

God gave the authority to John to baptize (John 1:6; John 1:26-28; Mark 11:27-33). When Jesus had established His Church, He gave it the authority to baptize. A Preacher, Minister or a Missionary cannot baptize anyone unless the Church so gives them the authority to do so.

1. John 1:6 Mk 11:27-33 Who sent John to baptize?
2. Matthew 21:23-26 The baptism of John, was it from heaven or man?
3. Matthew 3:7-8 Did they have to repent before baptism?
4. Ephesians 4:5 How many types of baptism are there?
5. Romans 6:4 Are we buried with Jesus in baptism?
6. Galatians 3:27 Baptism shows that we have put on who?
7. Acts 2:41 After they had received the word what took place?
8. Colossians 2:12 Are we buried with Jesus at baptism?
9. Matthew 28:18-20 Who did Jesus give the authority to baptize to?
10. Acts 8:13; Acts 16:14-15; Acts 18:8 After Simon, Lydia and the Corinthians believed what took place?

LORD'S SUPPER

The supper was instituted by the Lord Jesus himself, before His crucifixion. At the first Supper we find that only members of the Church were there. As you study the Scriptures you will find Judas had dismissed himself before Jesus instituted the Supper. So only saved baptized Church members were there.

There were two elements the bread and the fruit of the vine.

The Church was told to observe the Supper till the Lord would return. The supper was given to show the Lord's death. We are to observe the Supper in remembrance of Jesus. (I Corinthians 11:26)

Paul taught the Church at Corinth about the Lord's Supper. (1 Corinthians 1:2) The Lord Supper is a Church Ordinance not a Denomination one. A person must be saved and a member of the church observing the Lord's Supper to be able to foretake of it. Salvation is first, baptism second and then the Lord Supper and only in the order.

The Lord's Supper is not a Sacrament for all those that call it so, believes that in taking the Lord's Supper, it saves you, or keeps you saved. The Lord's Supper does nothing for our Salvation, for Salvation is by GRACE and GRACE ONLY.

It is the Lord's Supper and rightly named or called that and we have NO RIGHT to invite anyone to it.

1. Matthew 26:26 Who instituted the Lord's Supper?
2. Matthew 26:26-29 What are the elements use in the Supper?
3. Matthew 26:26-27 What did Jesus do with the bread and fruit of the vine?
4. 1 Corinthians 11:24 In whose remembrance do we take the Lord's Supper?
5. 1 Corinthians 11:26 Why do we take the Lord's Supper?
6. 1 Corinthians 11:27 What happens if we take the Lord's Supper unworthily?
7. 1 Corinthians 11:28 What should we do before taking the Lord's Supper?
8. 1 Corinthians 11:29 He that eateth and drinketh unworthily does what to themselves?
9. 1 Corinthians 11:30 Why are so many weak and sick after taking the Lord's Supper?
10. 1 Corinthians 5:11 Should a person be in fellowship with the Lord and the church they are a member of to take of the Supper?

FAITH

There are three Greek words used in the New Testament for the word FAITH. 1. PISTIS means conviction of religious truth or the truthfulness of God or a religious teaching, or a systems of religious teaching truth itself, assurance, belief, or fidelity. 2. OLIGOPISTOS. means lacking confidence in Christ as in (Luke 12:28). 3. ELPIS means to anticipate, usually with confidence as used in (Hebrews 10:23).

The Bible says Faith is the substance of things hoped for me evidence of things not seen. We must exercise our faith in Jesus to be saved. In Jude 3 we see Faith stands for a system of teaching that Christ delivered unto the saints.

1. Matthew 9:22 What made the women whole?
2. Luke 17:5 What did the apostle want increased?
3. Romans 1:17 How should the just live?
4. Romans 5:1 How is a person justified?
5. I Corinthians 2:5 What should are faith stand in?
6. Galatians 3:8 What did the scripture foresee?
7. Galatians 3:26 How do we become a child of God?
8. Ephesians 2:8 How is a person saved?
9. Hebrews 11:1 What is faith?
10. Hebrews 11:6 Can we please God without faith?

DOCTRINE
BOOK 2
DEPRAVITY OF MAN

The word (DEPRAVITY) means to make bad, or worse, to vitiate, to corrupt or to pervert.

When God created, He said all things were good. Man was made in the image of God, pure, righteous, holy and without sin. God made male and female in this image. God Himself is pure, righteous holy and without sin. When God made man, He gave him the ability to choose. Man was placed in a perfect environment in the Garden of Eden.

God gave man certain commands to go by. He was told that he could eat of all the trees in the garden except the tree of knowledge of good and evil. If man ate of this tree God said he would die.

Man became deprave when he took of the fruit of the tree and disobey God. Man became as God to know good and evil.

Since the fall of man, man is now conceived in sin from his mother womb. Because of one man's sin death came and all are sinners.

Man did not go forward after his creation, but man went backwards. Man today is not going forward but in a backward sinful life.

Man must come to Jesus to escape everlasting death in hell.

1. Genesis 1:27 How was made created?
2. Genesis 2:16-17 What command did God give unto Adam?
3. Genesis 3:7-8 What did man do after he had sinned?
4. Matthew 15:19 What come from man's heart?
5. John 3:19 Why does man love darkness?
6. Romans 3:23 Who hath sinned?
7. Romans 6:23 What is the wages of sin?
8. Romans 5:12 What happen because of one man's sin?
9. James 4:17 What is sin?
10. 1 John 5:19 What does the world lie in?

SIN

The Greek word for sin is (hamartia) and the Greek term for the Doctrine of sin is (Hamartiology). Sin is a trespass of God's Law. Sin entered the world when Eve was deceived by Satan, Eve went against God's will and command, Adam also sinned when he let Eve talk him into taking of the forbidden fruit. Because of Adam, sin come to all because of Adam's sin. Also because of sin all have come short of the glory of God. The Bible teaches that sin has affected the heavens and the earth and their inhabitants.

1. Romans 3:10 Is there anyone righteous?
2. Romans 3:23 Who has sinned?
3. Romans 5:12 What came because of sin?
4. Romans 5:12 Why was death passed upon all men?
5. Romans 6:23 What is the wages of sin?
6. Romans 3:9 Who is under sin?
7. James 1:15 What does sin bring?
8. 1 John 5:17 is there a sin unto death?
9. Romans 6:1-2 Should we continue in sin?
10. Romans 3:12 Did any do good?

BLASPHEME

The word (BlaspHEME) means to speak evil, defame, revile, curse, provoke, or use abusive words against God or sacred things.

We should not use God's name in vain or anything that deals with God. One of the Ten Commandments is found in Exodus 20:7, *Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God I vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name in vain.* We should not swear by God's name falsely or profane his name.

Blasphemy against the Holy Ghost will not be forgiven. Blasphemy: is to reject the conviction power of the Holy Ghost and to never let Saviour. If a person rejects the conviction of the Holy Spirit, he will never be saved.

1. Exodus 20:7 Should we take the Lord's name in vain?
2. Deuteronomy 5:11 What does this verse say about taking the Lord's name in vain?
3. Leviticus 19:12 Should we swear or profane the name of the Lord?
4. Leviticus 24:10-16 What is the penalty for blaspheming the name of the Lord and cursing Him?
5. Matthew 12:31 What sin of blasphemy will not be forgiven?
6. Matthew 12:32 Will blasphemy of the Holy Ghost ever be forgiven?
7. Psalm 74:18 Who had blasphemed God's name?
8. Psalm 139:20 What type of people take Lord's name in vain?
9. Revelation 13:1 What was on the heads of the beast?
10. Revelation 16:21 Who blasphemed God?

SATAN

Satan is called by many names such as, Abaddon, Accuser, Adversary, Angel of the Bottomless pit, Apollyon, Beelzebub, Belial, Enemy, Evil Spirit, Father of Lies, Great Red Dragon, Lying Spirit, Murderer, Old Serpent, power of Darkness, Prince of this World, Prince and Power of the Air, Ruler of Darkness, Serpent, spirit Worketh in the Children of Disobedience, Tempter, god of this world, Unclean spirit, Lucifer, son of the Morning, and Wicked one.

Satan was at one time an anointed cherub and was perfect when he was created, Satan heart was lifted up in pride and iniquity filled his heart. He was lifted up because of his beauty and then he corrupted his wisdom. Satan said he would ascend above the heights and become like God.

Satan is the Great Deceiver, he deceived Eve in the Garden of Eden. Satan added and also took away from the Word of God, Satan is a liar and the father of lies. Satan does not tell the truth, nor can he tell the truth, there is no truth in him.

1. Isaiah 14:12 Did Satan fall from heaven?
2. Isaiah 14:12 Who is the son of the morning?
3. Isaiah 14:12-15 Who said they would ascend above and exalt his throne above God?
4. Ezekiel 28:13-15 Who had been in Eden, who was the anointed cherub, WHO was created perfect?
5. Genesis 3:4 Did Satan lie when he said they would not die?
6. Zechariah 3:1 Who stood up to resist Joshua?
7. Matthew 4:1-11 Who tempted Jesus and how did he overcome the one who tempted him?
8. Matthew 13:19 Who steals the Word out of one's heart?
9. John 8:44 What did Jesus say about the devil?
10. 1 Peter 5:8 Who is the adversary and what does he do?

HELL

The word **HELL** describes two places. One is **HADES**, the place where the unsaved go immediately at death. The other is called eternity. The first is like a jail where a person accused of a crime is kept until his trial, The second the **Lake of Fire** is like prison where one goes after his trial.

Hell is a place of torment. There is fire, darkness, and remembrance. The pain is so great that people will cry out and grind their teeth together.

The occupants of Hell will be all the unsaved. When God created it Hell, He created it for the fallen angels. When man sinned God included man to go to hell.

After the Great White Throne Judgment all the occupants of Hell will be cast into the **Lake of Fire** for eternity.

In the Greek, Hades is a place called Hell, a place of the unsaved. Hell also comes from the Greek word Gehenna, place of Torments, the Greek word Tartarus means infernal region. In the Hebrew Sheol is translated grave.

1. Psalm 9:17 Who will be turn into hell?
2. Proverbs 15:24 Where is hell?
3. Matthew 13:49-50 Who will be in hell and what will take place?
4. Matthew 22:13 Is there light or darkness in Hell?
5. Matthew 25:41 Who did God made hell for?
6. Matthew 25:46 15 hell punishment everlasting?
7. Mark 9:43-48 Can the fires of hell ever be quenched?
8. Luke 3:17 What type of fire is in hell?
9. II Thessalonians 1:9 How long is the destruction of hell?
10. Revelation 19: 20 Who was cast into the **Lake of Fire**?

REPENTANCE

The word **REPENT** means to feel sorrow, remorse, or regret for one's past conduct, to have a change of mind about a past action, from New Webster's Dictionary. The Hebrew word for Repent (Nacham) to be sorry, to pity, Greek word for repent (Metanoeo) to think differently or afterwards, reconsider, feel compunction, regret for wrongdoing.

Repentance is the first aspect of the believer's initial experience of salvation, called conversion. True conversion is an essential part and proof of regeneration. Regeneration is God working in us and conversion is man working out his salvation in repentance and faith. He who repents, hates the sins he is sorry for, and is sorry for the sins he hates.

Repentance is necessary for salvation. John the Baptist message was to repent (Matthew 3: 1-2). Jesus' message was to repent (Matthew 4: 17), and the Apostles also preached repentance (Mark 6:7-12). If there is no repentance one will perish, (Luke 13:3). Jesus came to call sinners to repent. (Matthew 9:12-13) The will of Jesus is that all will repent and not perish. (II Peter 3:9)

1. Matthew 3:1-2 What message did John preach?
2. Matthew 4:17 What message did Jesus preach?
3. Mark 6:7-12 What message did the Apostles preach?
4. Luke 13:3 If one does not repent what will happen?
5. Matthew 9:13 Why did Jesus come?
6. Luke 24:47 What should be preached among all nations?
7. Acts 3:19 What message was preached?
8. II Corinthians 7:9-10 What does godly sorrow work too?

DOCTRINE

BOOK 3

PRAYER

The dictionary says that prayer is to address God with adoration, confession, supplication, or thanksgiving. In other words, praying is simply talking to God. Prayer is not repeating certain words or being in a certain position. Prayer is just telling God what is on your heart. Reading a prayer to God would be like reading a conversation with your best friend, God just wants us to talk to Him. When we talk or pray to God we should (1) praise and thank Him (2) pray in his will, (3) ask forgiveness, (4) pray to lead, guide, and deliver us (5) praise and glorify Him.

In Matthew 6:9-13 and Luke 11:1-4, the disciples ask Jesus to teach them to pray. This is **NOT** the **LORD'S PRAYER** it is a **MODEL PRAYER** for us to go by. The **LORD'S PRAYER** is found in John 17:1-26. He prays for his disciples and all believers.

1. Matthew 6:9 To whom should we address our prayer to?
2. 1 Thessalonians 5:17 We are to pray without what?
3. Romans 10:1 Should we pray for the lost to be saved?
4. Ephesians 5:20 Should we give thanks in our prayers?
5. Luke 18:13 Does God hear a sinner when they pray for forgiveness?
6. Mark 11:24 Should we pray in believing?
7. John 14:14 Should we ask in Jesus' name?
8. Matthew 6:6-7 Should we use vain repetitions when we pray?
9. Romans 8:26 Do we always know what to pray for?
10. Philippians 1:3-4 Did Paul pray for those he loved?

JUSTIFICATION

The word JUSTIFICATION means just as though I have never sinned. All the saved will stand before God JUSTIFIED. A person is Justified by the blood of Jesus. Justification is being made righteous by Christ. Christ the JUST dies for the UNJUST the sinner. When we are JUSTIFIED a person is saved and has passed from death unto life. A person that is JUSTIFIED is JUSTIFIED from all things. The law of Moses could not JUSTIFY mankind. Mankind is JUSTIFIED only by the Lord Jesus Christ.

1. Acts 13:39 The believer is justified from what?
2. Acts 13:39 Could the law of Moses justify us?
3. Romans 3:24 How is a person justified?
4. Romans 3:28 We conclude a person justified how?
5. Romans 5:1 What happens when we are justified?
6. Romans 5:9 We are justified by _____ and saved from _____
7. Galatians 2:16 A man is not justified by _____ but by _____
8. Galatians 3:24 We are justified by?
9. Titus 3:7 By who's grace are we justified?
10. Romans 4:25 Did Christ have to arise for us to be justified?

SANCTIFICATION

The word **SANCTIFICATION** means to be set apart. When a person is sanctified, a person is set apart to work for the Lord. A person does not have to be a Minister or Missionary to be a witness for Jesus, all the saved should be. We the save have been set apart for God. Sanctification may be viewed as past, present, and future, or instantaneous, progressive, and complete. A person is sanctified by Word of God (John 17:17) and the Holy Ghost or Spirit (Romans 5:16).

1. John. 17:17 How is a person sanctified?
2. Romans 15:16 Does the Holy Ghost sanctified us?
3. I Corinthians 6:11 ...but ye are _____, but ye are _____, but ye are _____ in the name of the Lord Jesus.
4. 1 Thessalonians 4:3 Those that are sanctified should abstain from what?
5. I Corinthians 1:2 To whom was Paul writing?
6. 11 Timothy 2:21 Does a person have to be sanctified to be used by Jesus?
7. Jude 1 To whom was Jude writing?
8. What is the meaning of Sanctification?

HEAVEN

There are three heavens: (1) atmospheric heaven, Acts 14:17; (2) the stellar heaven, Genesis 1:14; (3) and the third heaven, II Corinthians 12:2; Deuteronomy 10:14. Third heaven is God's dwelling place. There will be a new heaven and new earth. The old will melt with fervent heat. (II Peter 3:10-13) In what sense are they new? It does not mean just brought into existence, but renovated, made fresh, and implies previous existence. Throughout scriptures, the reconstitution of the material world, by which it passes from the bondage of corruption into the liberty of the glory is seen.

Heaven God's Dwelling Place

1. Isaiah 63:15 Where is the habitation of God?
2. II Chronicles 30:27 Is heaven God's holy dwelling place?
3. Psalm 11:4 Where is God's throne?

Heaven The Future Dwelling Place Of The Saved

1. Matthew 5:3 Where will the poor in spirit dwell?
2. Matthew 5:20 Who will enter into heaven?
3. Matthew 6:20 Where should we lay up treasures?

New Heavens

1. Isaiah 65:17 What will God create some day?
2. Isaiah 66:22 Will the new heaven and new earth endure forever?
3. II Peter 3:13 What dwells in the new heavens and new earth?

Questions from the paragraph above

1. How many heavens are there?
2. Name the three heavens.
3. Is heaven a place of perfection?
4. Who will be in the third heaven some day?

ANGELS

Angels were created by God. They are created beings. Angels were created before man. Angels are not in the image of God. Angels were created to serve God and to give him praise. There were three archangels mention in the Bible, Michael, Gabriel, and Lucifer. The word for angel in the Hebrew is (MALAK) which means to dispatch as a deputy or a messenger. The word for angel in the Greek is (AGGELOS) which means a messenger.

Angels have the power to change themselves into men or to make themselves invisible. There are innumerable company of angels.

When Lucifer sinned, he took with him many angels. The angels that sinned and went with Lucifer can transform themselves into angels of light.

Angels cannot be re-instated after they have fallen. Once they fall, they are destined to hell. Angels are not a living soul so once they sinned, they cannot be saved.

1. Genesis 18:1-3 Who were these three men?
2. Genesis 19:1-23 Who came to Sodom to take Lot and his family out?
3. Exodus 3:1-2 Who appeared unto Moses out of the burning bush?
4. II Kings 1:3,15 Does God use his angels to lead us?
5. Who deliver the three Hebrew children out of the fire?
6. Luke 1:18-19 What was the angel's name that spoke to Zacharias?
7. Luke 1:26-28 What was the angel's name that spoke to Mary?
8. Luke 1:19 What angel stands in the presence of God?
9. Luke 2:8-10 Who brought good tidings to the shepherds?
10. Acts 5:17-19 Who open the prison doors for the apostles?
11. Acts 8:26 Who directed Philip?
12. Revelation 9:11 Who is the angel who is over the bottomless pit?
13. Matthew 18:10 What do the angels in heaven do?
14. Hebrews 13:1-2 Have some entertain angels without knowing it?
15. Hebrews 1:5-6 Who was to worship Jesus?
16. Hebrews 1:1-4 Who was Jesus made better then?

WHERE ARE THE DEAD?

This is a question that is ask by many people. And most do not know the answer.

We want to look to God's Word the Bible for the answer.

There are two places a person can go after death. One place is Heaven for the saved and Hell for the lost.

Job asked the question, "But man dieth, And wasteth away; yea man giveth up the ghost and where is he?" Job 14:10. "If a man die, shall he live again? All the days of my appointed time will I wait, till my change come." Job 14:14.

Paul said in Philippians 1:21 "For to me to live is Christ, and to die is gain." II Corinthians 5:1 "For we Know that if our earthly house of this tabernacle were dissolved, we have a building of God, an house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

Jesus said to the thief on the cross, "today thou will be with be in paradise." Luke 23:43. Paradise is another name for Heaven, II Corinthians 12:1-4, Paul the apostle was caught into the third heaven Verse 2, and in Verse 4 he calls it paradise.

Those who are not saved will go to hell after death. We find the account in Luke 16:19-31 of the rich man going to a place of torments, a place where he could not escape from and he was in the flames of fire, a place known as hell.

In Psalm 9:17 it says that the wicked will be turned into hell, and all the nations that forget God.

1. Philippians 1:21 What did Paul say about death?
2. II Corinthians 5:8 Where will we be when we leave this body?
3. II Corinthians 5: 1 What happens when this earthly house is dissolved?
4. II Corinthians 5:2 Why do we (saved) groan within ourselves?
5. Luke 23:39-43 Where did the thief go that ask Jesus to remember him?
6. Acts 7:54-59 What did Stephen ask Jesus to receive?
7. Matthew 8:11 Where is Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?
8. Psalm 9:17 Who will be turned into hell?
9. Revelation 21:8 Who will be in hell?
10. Luke 1 16:22-23 Where did the rich man go?

SECOND COMING OF JESUS

The Second Coming of Jesus is a two-phase coming. The First Phase of the His coming is known as the **RAPTURE** of the saints and the second phase is known as the **REVELATION** of **JESUS**.

When Jesus came the first time, the time of his birth in the manger the majority of the people did not know of His coming. When Jesus comes for His saints (**RAPTURE**) the majority of the people will not know of it.

The **FIRST PHASE** of the second Coming of Jesus is the **RAPTURE** of the Saints. Jesus will come before the **TRIBULATION TIME** and before the **MILLENNIUM REIGN**. When Jesus comes He will come (**AS**) a thief in the night, please note (**HE** is not a **THIEF**) to meet Jesus in the air, He will not touch earth all saved will go up to meet Jesus in the air He will not touch earth, all saved will go up to meet Him in the air.

After the **RAPTURE** of the saved the **TRIBULATION** will began. This will take place on this earth for a seven (7) year period. All the lost will be left behind to go through the **TRIBULATION**.

FIRST PHASE OF COMING JESUS—RAPTURE

1. 1 Thessalonians 4:16 Who will descend from heaven?
2. 1 Thessalonians 4:16 Who will arise when Jesus comes?
3. 1 Thessalonians 4:17 Who will be caught up when Jesus comes?
4. 1 Thessalonians 5:1-2 The coming of Jesus will be as what?
5. 1 Thessalonians 5:4-5 Will the coming of Jesus overtake the saved as a thief does in the night?

The Second phase of the second Coming of Jesus is the **REVELATION** of Jesus. At this coming Jesus will be reveal to the world, Jesus will come riding a white horse and all the armies of heaven will follow Him on white horses. At this coming Jesus will come to earth and set up His **MILLENNIUM KINGDOM**. All the on earth will be cast into Hell for 1000 years to wait Judgment. Jesus will rule and reign for 1000 years (**MILLENNIUM REIGN**).

1. Zechariah 14:1-5 What takes place at this time?
2. II Thessalonians 1:7 Will Jesus be revealed when He comes?
3. II Thessalonians 1:7 Who will come with Jesus?
4. II Thessalonians 1:8 Who will Jesus take vengeance on when He comes?
5. Revelation 19:11 Who descends from heaven and how?
6. Revelation 19:12-13 Describe the one coming from heaven.
7. Revelation 19:14 Who follows Jesus from heaven?
8. Revelation 19:15 What will Jesus do when He comes at this time?

9. Revelation 19:19-21 What happens to all of them on the earth at this coming?
10. Revelation 20:1-3 How long is Satan bound?

DOCTRINE
BOOK 4
DAY OF WORSHIP

What day should we worship on? There is much said about what day should we keep as the worship day, Sabbath, or Sunday.

We want to look to the Word of God, the Bible for the answer.

The word (Sabbath) in the Hebrew is (Shabbath) which means, a day of REST or RESTFUL, the Greek word for (Sabbath) is SABBATON) which means, a day or week repose from secular avocations.

In Psalm 147:20 it reads, *He hath not dealt so with any nation and as for his judgments they have not known them, Praise ye the Lord.* God has dealt with the nation of Israel different from all other nations. In Acts 7:38, *This is He, that was in the church in the wilderness with the angel which spake to Him in the mount Sinai with our fathers: who received the lively oracles to give unto us.* We can see from this verse that God gave unto the Jews and to the Jews only the oracles (law). In Romans 3:2, *Much every way chiefly because that unto THEM (JEWS) were committed the oracles of God.* Again, we see God gave the ORACLES (LAW) to the JEWS only.

We read in Joshua 23:6, *Be ye, (JEW) therefore very courageous to keep and to do all that is written in the book of Moses.* Again, God is speaking the JEWS, and not the GENTILES. In Joshua 8:31 and Deuteronomy 28:1 that the Jews were given the LAW and were to keep the LAW.

In Luke 16:16 we find, the Law and the prophets were until John since that time the kingdom of God is preached. This verse shows that the LAW ended when the prophets ended.

Now there are those that will have you to believe Sabbath School is the first day of the week, but according to the Bible, the Sabbath is the 7th day of the week. See Exodus 16:25, 26; 20:20; Deuteronomy 5:14.

1. Sabbath Day Rest

In Genesis 2:1-3, we find that God finished His work and rested on the 7th day, which is the Sabbath. God blessed this day and sanctified it. We find in many scriptures that God made the 7th day the Sabbath a holy day of rest, hallowed it. See Exodus 12:16; 23:12; 31:15; 35:2-3; Leviticus 16:31; 23:3; 23:32; 25:4.

2. Who Does the Sabbath Belong To

In Exodus 16:29, it reads, *see for that the Lord hath given you Sabbath.* God gave the sabbath to the Jews and the Jews only as their day. See Exodus 31:14; Psalm 147:20; Exodus 31:16; Leviticus 23:24. Each of these verses show that the Sabbath was given to the Jews – and to them only.

In Exodus 20:12, we find that the Sabbath was a sign between God and Israel not a sign between God and any other nation.

In the New Testament we find that God and Jesus states that the (LAW) belongs to the JEWS which is the Nation Israel. John 8:17, Jesus said, It is also written in YOUR law... John 10:34, Jesus answered them, Is it not written in YOUR... John 15:25,...that is written in their... John 18:31, ...take ye him and judge him according to YOUR law... All of these verses show that the law belongs to the JEWS, Nation of Israel. Also see John 19:7; Acts 15:1-6. In Romans 2:14 says that the Gentiles have not the law, they were never under the law. So we conclude that the Sabbath belongs to the Nation Israel-JEWS.

3. Sabbath Day Of Worship

In Exodus 20:8, the Jews are told to keep the sabbath holy. It was a holy day for them and them only. In Leviticus 23:15-16, and Numbers 28:9-10, we find that the Jews were to bring an offering on the Sabbath.

In Isaiah 66:23, the Jews were commanded to worship on the Sabbath. Also see Deuteronomy 5:12; Ezekiel 46:4,12; I Chronicles 23:31; II Chronicles 2:4; II Chronicles 8:13; II Chronicles 31:3; Nehemiah 10:33; Ezekiel 4:17; Ezekiel 46:3. Each of these verses speak to the JEWS, Israel as their day of worship.

4. Should Not Profane Sabbath

We read in Psalm 47:20 that the Nation Israel is the only Nation that has known God's judgments. In Numbers 15:32, we see the judgment for fathering sticks on the sabbath (32-35), that a person was stoned to death. They were told not to sell, buy, or do any work on the sabbath day to profane it. Nehemiah 10:31; 13:16-19; Jeremiah 17:21-27; Lamentations 1:7; Ezekiel 20:13-16; Ezekiel 22:8; 23:38; Hosea 2:11; Isaiah 56:2-6; 20:13-16; Ezekiel 22:8; 23:38; Hosea 2:11; Isaiah 56:2-6.

5 What Jesus Said About The Sabbath

In Matthew 12:1-5; Mark 2:23-26; Luke 6:1-2, Jesus did not command that his disciples be put to death for plucking the ears of corn on the sabbath but justified what they did.

Jesus said He was the Lord of the Sabbath, Matthew 12:8. Jesus healed on the sabbath and did good on the sabbath and stated it was alright. Matthew 12:10-13; Mark 3:1-4; Luke 6:6-9; Luke 13:14-16; John 7:22-23; John 9:13-16.

Jesus was accused of breaking the Sabbath by the Jews, John 5-8. Do not forget Jesus came to fulfill the law and made an end of the law. See Matthew 5:17.

6. What The Disciples Did On The Sabbath

We find the disciples teaching and going to the synagogue on the sabbath. Why? Because the Jews had not accepted Jesus as their Saviour and King and they still believe they were under the LAW. The Jews continue to worship on the sabbath, and the disciples knew they could find the Jews in the synagogue on the sabbath, so they went there to preach Jesus to them.

There was no need of going to the synagogue on the first day of the week. Sunday the place would have been empty, no one to teach or preach to. See Acts 13:14, 42-44; 16:12-13.

7. Resurrection Of Jesus

If the Sabbath was to be a New Testament Day, why did Jesus choose to rise on the first day week, Sunday and not on the 7th the sabbath? Matthew 28:1-6; Mark 16:1-6; Luke 24:1-7; John 20:1-2. The sabbath had ended and Jesus arose on the first day of the week Sunday.

8. Pentecost (Feast Of Weeks)

The word Pentecost means fifty (50). Please read Leviticus 23:15-16. The Harvest Festival was 50 days after the Passover. Passover was on the 14th day of the first month, Leviticus 23:5, Unleavened bread day of first month, Leviticus 23:6. Jesus arose on the first day (Sunday) and 50 days later Pentecost took place which was on Sunday. On that day Sunday Jesus gave unto the Church the fullness of the spirit. If the Sabbath was the New Testament Day, why did it not happen then on the sabbath.

Jesus died on Wednesday Nisan 14th day; the day lamb was to be slain for the Passover. Jesus was our Passover lamb, Exodus 12:6; John 19:14-18.

In the Old Testament Pentecost occurred 50 days after Israel left Egypt and the Passover lamb was slain, Exodus 12:6; Leviticus 23:15-16.

In the New Testament Pentecost occurred 50 days after the resurrection of Jesus on Sunday first day of the week.

Look at Exodus 32:25-29, and as you study in this chapter and chapters before it, we see that on the 50th day 3000 were slain and in Acts 2:1-41, we find 3000 being saved, what a contrast

For more reading, Matthew 27:62; Mark 15:42; Luke 23:54; John 19:42, 31; Exodus 12:15. Day of Preparation Day

9. Ten commandments

You can only find in the New Testament NINE of the Ten Commandments.

1. Exodus 20:3 no other gods Matthew 4:10; 22:37-38
2. Exodus 20:4 no graven image Romans 1:23-25; Acts 17:29
3. Exodus 20:7 do not take the Lord's name in vain Matthew 5:33-37
4. Exodus 20:8 remember sabbath day—not in New Testament
5. Exodus 20:12 honor father, mother Matthew 15:4; Luke 18:20; Ephesians 6:3
6. Exodus 20:13 not to kill Luke 18:20; Matthew 5:21; Matthew 19:19; Romans 13:9
7. Exodus 20:14 not commit adultery Luke 18:10; Matthew 19:18; Romans 13:9
8. Exodus 20:15 not Steal, Luke 18:20; Matthew 19:18; Romans 13:9
9. Exodus 20:16 not bear false witness Luke 18:20; Romans 13:9; Matthew 19:18
10. Exodus 20:17 not covet Luke 18:22-23; Romans 13:9; Romans 7:7

Here are all Ten Commandments as found in Old Testament Exodus 20 and only NINE (9) of them can be found in the New Testament. The one that is not in the New Testament is keeping of the Sabbath, 7th day of the week, Saturday.

So, we conclude that the **DAY OF WORSHIP** is the **FIRST DAY OF THE WEEK-SUNDAY**.

1. What does the word Sabbath mean in the Hebrew and Greek?
2. What does Psalm 147:20 say?
3. Acts 7:38 Who did God give the oracles to?
4. Exodus 16:29 Who did God gave the sabbath to?
5. Exodus 31:16 Who should keep the sabbath?
6. Romans 2:14 Where the Gentiles ever under the law?
7. Acts 13:14; 17:1-3; 18:1-4; 13:42-44 Why did the disciples teach and preach on the sabbath?
8. Matthew 28:1-6 On what day did Christ arise?
9. Where are Ten Commandments found in Old Testament?
10. Which of the Ten Commandments is not found in the New Testament?

COMMANDMENTS

A Commandment is a command or a mandate and also is a divine command from God.

There are over 600 Commandments in the Old Testament. And in the New Testament also over 600 commandments.

When the Lord tells us to do something that is a command from Him. Each time the Bible says to do or not to do that is a commandment.

The Ten Commandments are found in Exodus 20:3-17.

The Commandments from God begin in Genesis.

1. What is a Commandment?
2. How many commandments in Old and New Testaments?
3. Where does the Commandments of God begin?
4. John 13:34 What new commandment did Jesus give?
5. Deuteronomy 4:1-2 Was Israel to keep the Commandments or could they add or take away from them?
6. Exodus 20:3:17 Which of the Ten Commandment is with a promise?
7. Matthew 4:4 What are we commanded to live by?
8. Name the Ten Commandments, Exodus 20:3-17.
9. Name some New Testament commandments, Romans 13:9.
10. I Thessalonians 5:16-17 Name commands here.

SPIRITUAL GIVING

Abraham gave unto Melchizedek, King of Salem, king of Righteousness, which is King of Peace. We notice Abraham **GAVE** the tithe he did not **PAY** a tithe. Jacob also **GAVE** a tithe and did not **PAY** a tithe. Genesis 14:18-20; Genesis 28:18-22

The tithe belongs to the Lord God, and it is holy unto Him. We are to bring the tithe unto the Lord's House. The Bible tells us also when to bring the tithe. I Corinthians 16:2

We are to give because the Lord commands us too. In giving we honor and show love to God. Other reasons for giving: more blessed to give, Christ endorses it, and in giving we are not robbing God, Malachi 3:8-10; John 14:15; Matthew 23:23.

Tithing was 430 years before the Law, it was later incorporated in the Law, and Christ brought it out of the Law and instituted it in the New Testament.

A tithe is a tenth of all that we have (money-time-service).

1. Genesis 4:4 To whom did Abel offer his offering?
2. Genesis 14:20; Genesis 28:18-22 Did Abram and Jacob give or pay a tithe?
3. Leviticus 27:30 To whom does the tithe belong?
4. Malachi 3:8 How has man robbed God?
5. Malachi 3:10 Are we to bring part or all of the tithe?
6. I Corinthians 16:2 When are we to give or tithe?
7. John 14:23 In keeping God's Word are we to tithe?
8. Luke 6:38 What type of blessing is there in giving?
9. Acts 20:35 Is it more blessed to give or receive?
10. Matthew 23:23 Did Christ endorse and command giving?

DOCTRINE
BOOK 5
WINE—STRONG DRINK

The Bible states that wine and strong drink is not to be drank by anybody and those that drink it trespasses against the commands of God. It is a SIN to drink wine or strong drink. Jesus never drank wine or strong drink, and we should follow in his steps.

There are (10) Hebrew words for the word (WINE). The word CYAYIN means, fermented, intoxicating, banqueting wine. This word is used in many verses showing someone getting drunk from wine. Genesis 9:21; 9:25; 19:32-35; Leviticus 10:9; Numbers 6:3; Deuteronomy 14:26; Proverbs 20:1; 21:17

The word (TIYROSH) fresh grape juice, as just squeezed out, or new wine. Genesis 27:28; Numbers 18:12; Deuteronomy 7:13; 11:4; 12:17; 14:23

The word (SHEKAR) an intoxicant, intensely alcoholic liquor, strong drink. Numbers 28:7

The word (YEQEB) to excavate a trough, wine vat, a press fat for wine. Deuteronomy 16:13

The word (CHAMAR) fermenting, pure red wine. Daniel 5:1-2; 4:23

The word (GATH) treading out grapes a wine press, a vat for holding grapes. Nehemiah 13:15

The word (MAMCAK) mixture, wine mixed with water or spices, mixed wine, drink offering. Numbers 15:10; 28:14; Deuteronomy 32:38

The word (CHEMER) wine fermenting pure red wine. Isaiah 27:2

The word (ACIYC) fresh grape juice, as just trodden out juice, new sweet. Isaiah 49:26; Joel 3:18

The word (ENAB) to bear fruit, a grape or ripe grape. Hosea 3:1

In the Greek there are four words for wine.

The word (OINOS) wine as a strong drink or an intoxicant drink, liquor, or alcoholic. Matthew 9:17; Mark 2:22; Luke 5:38; 1:15; 7:33; John 2:3

The word (GLEUKOS) new wine or grape juice. John 2:9-10; 4:46; I Timothy 5:23; Acts 2:13

The word (PAROINOS) given to wine. I Timothy 3:3; Titus 1:7

The word (OINOPHLUGIA) excess or wine. I Peter 4:3

1. Genesis 9:21 What is the Hebrew word for wine here and what does it mean?
2. Leviticus 10:9 What are we commanded not to drink and why?

3. Proverbs 20:1 What does this verse say about wine-strong drink?
4. Isaiah 5:11 What does strong drink and wine do unto you?
5. Proverbs 23:30-32 What does wine do to someone?
6. Romans 14:21 Is it good to drink wine?
7. Ephesians 5:18 What should we not be?
8. I Timothy 3:3 What should we not be given to?
9. Matthew 9:17 What is the word for wine in this verse?
10. Mark 2:22 What does the word wine mean in this verse?

TEMPTATION

What Is Temptation

Webster says: to attempt to persuade (a person) to do something evil or unwise, inducement to do evil, to entice.

Bible says: James 1:14 But every man is tempted when he is drawn away of his own lust and enticed.

Temptation is an inducement to evil, often set in the attractive promise of a forbidden pathway. Our conscience may alarm us but not stop us. God has given us freedom of choice. It would not be for our own good to be exempt from temptation in life, for life is. So ordered that strength comes from overcoming temptation.

Matthew 4:1-11 and Luke 4:1-13 Satan tempts here by trying to bring doubt.

In Genesis 3:1-7, Eve is being tempted by Satan when she is drawn away by her own lust. God had forbidden them to eat of the Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil. Genesis 2:17. Satan tempted Eve by lying to her in verse 4 and putting doubt in her mind. Exodus 32:1-8, 15-29

We find in Exodus chapters 14 to 17 that God had delivered, the Israelites out of Egypt and cared for them and destroy their enemies. He blessed them and delivered them. Then in chapter 32 the Israelites were drawn away from God by their own lust They were tempted by Satan only after they were drawn away by their own lust and wanted a god that they could see and touch.

1. James 1:14 When is man tempted?
2. Matthew 4:3-9 How did Satan try to tempt Jesus?
3. Genesis 3:4 How did Satan tempt Eve?

Who Is the Tempter

In Matthew chapter 4, we can see that the Devil is the tempter. In Mark 1:13, Satan is the one who tempted Jesus. Although Satan is not named in I Thessalonians 3:5, as the Tempter we can see he is because of James 1:13, where God says He does not tempt anyone, so the serpent called the Devil and Satan is a deceiver. Satan tempts us by deceiving us as with Eve in the garden (Genesis 3:4) when he lied.

1. Matthew 4:1 Who tempted Jesus?
2. I Thessalonians 3:5 Who is the tempter in this verse?
3. James 1:13 Does God tempt anyone?
4. Revelation 12:9 Give the names of the tempter and deceiver.

Who Is Tempted

You may ask yourself who does Satan tempt, the saved or the lost? Satan does not tempt the lost, they are his, (John 8:44). Satan does not need to tempt his own, he has them where he wants them. So, Satan tempts the saved. The reason Satan tempts the saved is to ruin their witness and testimony.

1. James 1:14 From what is a person drawn away?
2. Matthew 6:13 Who is the US in this verse?
3. Matthew 26:40-41 Who was Jesus speaking to?
4. I Corinthians 10:13 Who does the YOU refer to in this verse?
5. James 1:12 Who receives the crown of life?

How Are You Tempted

We are tempted when we let our guard down by letting ourselves to be drawn away from God by our own lust. In I Timothy 6:9, the key word in this verse is (WILL). They that WILL be rich, fall into temptation and a snare. We in some manner wish to be rich and in doing so we fall into devices of Satan. Satan will tempt us in thinking in following him, he will make us rich, but in truth he only makes you fall into his snare. Satan will let something that seems beautiful and pleasant to the eye but does not show the end result. A sample of this is smoking, drinking or drugs. Satan shows a beautiful girl or macho man smoking, drinking or taking drugs, but does not show them with disease, bad health, cancer or loss of a good mind. Satan never shows the end results of SIN and TEMPTATION. (James 1:15)

1. James 1:14 How is a person tempted?
2. James 1:15 What does lust bring?
3. James 1:15 What does sin bring?
4. I Timothy 6:9 Those that will to be rich fall into what?
5. I Timothy 6:9 What type of lust do they fall into and what is the end result of temptation?

How To Overcome Temptation

When we awake in the morning and pray for that day needs and protection, God will hear and honor our prayers. We should also ask God to lead us not into temptation. We are to watch that we enter not into temptation because our flesh is weak, and we need God's help. Many times, our Spirit is

willing, but we find our flesh is weak. Satan knows our weaknesses, so he hits us where we are weak. God does not let Satan tempt us beyond what we can bear. When tempted we need to go to God for help. We can find help in His Word (BIBLE), Christian Friend, or a Pastor. Jesus is always able to succor us (aid, relieve, help) when we are tempted.

1. Matthew 6:13 What are we to ask God about temptation?
2. Matthew 26:41 What are we to do so we will not enter into temptation?
3. Matthew 26:41 What part of us is willing to overcome temptation?
4. I Corinthians 10:13 Are we tempted above what we can bear?
5. I Corinthians 10:13 Does God always make a way of escape?
6. Hebrews 2:18 What does the word SUCCOR mean?
7. II Peter 2:9 Does God know how to deliver the godly out of temptation?
8. Hebrews 2:18 Where can we find help during temptation?

THE JUDGMENTS

The Scriptures present judgment as God's strange work, but while this is true, it is also His sure work. Judgment is made certain by God's Divine appointment. The nature of God justice demands judgment, Judgment is not to be identified with death. Death presupposes a judgment which has already taken place.

There are those who believe in a general judgment for all, at the end of the world. There is no Scripture that show or proves this. The Scripture show plainly that there are various groups to be judged and that various circumstance and conditions characterize theses Judgments. There is the Judgment of the Cross, Self-Judgment of the Believer, Judgment of the Believer Works, Judgment of Israel Judgment of the Living Nations, Judgment of Fallen Angels, and the Great White Throne Judgment, Each Judgment takes place at a different time.

1. Psalm 50:4 Will God judge his people?
2. Psalm 96:13 How will the Lord judge the earth and the people?
3. Ecclesiastes 3:17 Who will God judge?
4. I Corinthians 11:31-32 Should we judge ourselves?
5. Galatians 2:20 Where are sins judged at Calvary?
6. II Cor 5:10 Who is judged here?
7. James 1:12; I Peter 5:1-4; II Tim 4:8 Who will receive these crowns?
8. Psalm 50:1-7 Who is being judged here?
9. Matthew 25:31-32 Who will Jesus gather to judge here?
10. Joel 3:2 Who is being judged and where?
11. I Corinthians 6:3 Who will judge the angels?
12. Jude 6 Who will be judged here and why?
13. Revelation 20:12 Who stands at this judgment?
14. Revelation 20:12 What were the death judged out of?
15. Revelation 20:13 By what were the people judged?

DOCTRINE

BOOK 6

CREATION

The Bible states the **FACT** that God created the world and all that is in it. Man states that all things just happen. The Bible teaches that God is the Creator of the world, plant life, animal life and human life.

God the Father, Jesus the Son and the Holy Spirit were there when the world was created. (Genesis 1:1-6; John 1:1-3; Colossians 1:16)

There are two main thoughts about creation. (1) Non-Gap: That God created the world in (6) six days and rested on the seventh (7th). (2) Gap: That between Genesis 1:1 and 1:2, something happened to the earth; void, without form, and darkness became on the earth. Then after that, God re-created the earth and then rested on the seventh day. Whichever it is, it is a **FACT GOD** Created the earth.

1. Genesis 1:1 Who created the world?
2. Genesis 1:24 Did God created animal life?
3. Genesis 1:26 Who created man and in whom image?
4. Genesis 1:31 Was everything that God created good?
5. Isaiah 45:18 Did God create the earth in vain?
6. Isaiah 48:3 Did God create the earth suddenly?
7. Hebrews 11:3 How did God create the world?
8. Colossians 1:16 Who is the (Him) in this verse?
9. Colossians 1:16 What did Jesus create?
10. Colossians 1:16 Why where things created?

You can put the World into Eight Ages. Listed below.

- | | | |
|----|----------------|---|
| 1. | Pre-Adamic Age | Age before Adam |
| 2. | Adamic Age | Age of the first ten generations |
| 3. | Flood Age | Age of Noah and his family |
| 4. | Abrahamic Age | Age of Abraham and his family |
| 5. | Law Age | Age of National Israel in the Old Testament |
| 6. | Church Age | Age of the Lord's Church |

- | | | |
|----|----------------|---------------------------|
| 7. | Millennial Age | Age of one thousand years |
| 8. | Heaven Age | Age of the final glory |

DOCTRINE

BOOK 7

FAMILY

There are Five Fundamental Relationships we need to follow.

1. Relationship of the Family to Christ.
2. Relationship of Husband and Wives.
3. Relationship of the Parents to the Children.
4. Relationship of the Children to Parents.
5. Relationship of Brothers and Sisters.

1. Relationship of the Family to Christ.

The Bible says to seek first the kingdom of God. We need to put God and Christ first in our families. We must love Christ above our family. As someone said (JOY) Jesus first Others second Yourself last. The man should be the spiritual leader of the family. (Ephesians 1:22) Joshua said in Joshua 24:15 *but as for me and my house, we will serve the Lord...* Leviticus 27:14... says *And when a man shall sanctify his house to be holy unto the Lord, then the priest shall estimate it, whether it be good or bad: as the priest shall estimate it, so shall it stand.*

The family should serve Christ. Christ is over all things even the family: The family should be subjected unto Christ. The family should serve Christ with love.

2. Relationship of Husband and wives.

The Bibles states that a wife submit herself to her own husband. (Ephesians 5:22) The Bible also says that the husband is the head of the wife as Christ is the head of the church. The husband should love his wife as Christ loves the church.

Wives should love their husbands in showing subjection unto them. The husband should not take advantage of his wife. The husband is the head of the wife and family. The husband should love his wife so much he would be willing to die for her.

3. Relationship of Parents to the Children

The Bibles state that the father should not provoke their children. (Ephesians 6:4) They are to bring up the children in the nurture and admonition of the Lord. (NUTURE) to educate, train, discipline, correct, instruct. (ADOMONTION) calling attention to by mild rebuke or warning. The Parents should train the children of things of the Lord. They should be concerned about their eternal state of the children. The Parents should love and care for their children.

4. Relationship of the Children to the Parents

Children should obey their parents, love, care and show respect unto them. (Colossians 3:20; Ephesians 6:1-3; Proverbs 23:22; Exodus 20:12). God wants children to obey their parents in things that are pleasing to him. Children should always love, obey, and honor their parents and never forget them in all that they have done for them.

5. Relationship of Brothers and Sisters

The Bible state that we are our brother's (sister's) keeper. The Bible also says be ye kind one to another, tenderhearted, forgiving one another. (Genesis 4:9; Ephesians 4:32) Brothers and sisters should love each other as they love themselves. They should have concern for each other.

1. Joshua 24:15 Who should the family serve?
2. Matthew 6:33 What should we seek first?
3. Colossians 1:18 Should Christ be first in our lives?
4. Ephesians 5:22 To whom should the wife submit herself?
5. Ephesians 5:23 Who is the head of the wife?
6. Ephesians 5:25 How should the husband love his wife?
7. Ephesians 6:4 Should the father provoke his children?
8. Ephesians 6:4 How should the parents bring up their children?
9. Ephesians 6:1-2 How should the children show love to their parents?
10. Colossians 3:20 Should children obey their parents?
11. Ephesians 4:32 Should we be kind to each other?
12. Genesis 4:9 Are we our brother keeper?

Ark Of The Covenant

1. Who Made the Ark and The Description
2. What Was in The Ark?
3. Where Was the Ark Kept?
4. Who Was in Charge of The Ark?
5. Names of The Ark.
6. Contents of the Ark
7. History of the Ark.
8. Where is the Ark Today.

Ark in Hebrew-means box, chest coffin

Ark in Greek-means box

The word COVENANT and TESTAMENT is the same word in the Greek.

1. Who made the Ark-Description

God had instructed Moses to make the ark, (Exodus 25:1). God gave to Moses the complete plans on how to make the Ark, (Exodus 25:10-22) size of the Ark was two cubits and a half-length, a cubit and a half the breadth, a cubit, and half height, in inches 45” length-27” breadth—27” height. Please read Exodus 25:1-22.

2. What was the Ark?

The Ark was a place where God met with man (priest) in the Tabernacle. (Exodus 25:21-22)

- 3 Where was the Ark kept?

The Ark was kept in the Most Holy Place in the Tabernacle also known as the Holy of Holies. The Most Holy Place was behind a curtain that separated the Holy place from the Most Holy place.

4. Who was in charge of the Ark?

The tribe of Levi was in charge of the Ark and within the tribe the family (or sons) of Kohath was place in charge of the Ark. (Numbers 3:27-31; Deuteronomy 10:8; 31:9)

5. Names of the Ark.

The Ark was also called the Testimony, Ark of the Testimony Ark of the Covenant, and the Ark. (Exodus 16:32-36; Exodus 30:6, 26;31:7; 39:35; 40:3-5)

6. Contents of the Ark.

Within the Ark was a pot of manna, Arron’s rod, and the Book of the Law, (Exodus 16:32-36; Numbers 17:10-11; Deuteronomy 31:24-27; Hebrews 9:1-5) In I Kings 8:1-9 and in II Chronicles

5:1-10, we find the Manna and Arron's Rod missing, a lapse of 485 years since these items were put into the Ark.

7. History of the Ark

- A. I Samuel 4:1-18...Ark comes out of Shiloh into the camp of Israel at the battle in Ebenezer...
- B. I Samuel 4:19-22... Because the Ark was taken, when Phineas' wife bore a child, she called the child ICHABOD means, The Glory Is Departed From Israel...
- C. I Samuel 5:1-10 The Philistines took the Ark from Ebenezer unto Ashod. From Ashod to Gath, then to Ekron a Philistine city.
- D. I Samuel 1-9 Then to city of Bethshemesh, I Samuel 7:1-2, then to Kirjatathoarm to the house of Abiudad. There it stayed for 20 years.
- E. II Samuel 6:1-11; I Chronicles 13:1-14 David moved the Ark from Abinadab to the city Baalah in hill of Gibeah to house of Obededorn the Gittite.
- F. I Samuel 6:12-17 Then the Ark was moved to the city of David in a tabernacle that David had pitched for it.
- G. II Samuel 15:24-29 David flees Jerusalem takes Ark with him then decides to send the Ark back.
- H. I Kings 8:1-9 The Ark was taken from City of David which is Zion then placed in Temple at Jerusalem which Solomon had built. This is the last we hear of the Ark.

8. Where Is the Ark Today?

- A. Smith Bible Dictionary says: Believes to have been burn when the Babylonians destroyed Solomon's Temple.
- B. Wycliffe Commentary says: Ark disappeared when Jerusalem was destroyed in 587 BC.
- C. Halley Bible Handbook: Nothing is known of the Ark after the destruction of the Temple.
- D. Nebuchadnezzar carried vessels of the House of the Lord to Babylon. II Chronicles 36:5-7
- E. Cyrus King of Persia brought vessels back from Babylon into Jerusalem. Ezra 1:1.7
- F. No evidence of the Ark was in Zerubbabel or Herod's Temple.
- G. Synagogues made replica of the Ark.
- H. Revelation 11:15-19 says the Ark of His Testament is seen in the temple in Heaven.

1. Exodus 25:1, 10 Who did God instruct to make the Ark?
2. Exodus 25:10 What type of wood was Ark made of and its size?
3. Exodus 25:11 What was the Ark overlay with?
4. Exodus 25:21-22 Who met with the Priest at the Ark?
5. Exodus 26:33-34; Leviticus 16:2 Where was the Ark kept?
6. Numbers 3:27-31 Who was in charge of the Ark?
7. Exodus 16:34; Exodus 30:6, 26; 31:7; 39:35; 40:3-5; II Kings 8:1 Name the names the Ark is called by.
8. Exodus 16:32-36; Numbers 17:10-11; Deuteronomy 31:24-27 What was inside the Ark?
9. I Kings 8:1-9; II Chronicles 5:1-10 After 485 years what was missing in the Ark?
10. II Kings 8:1-9 Where is the last place the Ark was known to be at?
11. Revelation 11:15-19 Where does the Bible said the Ark is today?

SPIRITUAL GIFTS

I Corinthians Chapters 12-13-14

The subject on Spiritual Gifts is not a new one. One of the gifts that many claim to have is speaking in a unknown tongue also along with the gift of healing. The question is not if they exist but are they of God.

The only rule is the Word of God. We need to see what the Bible (Word of God) has to say about this subject.

The Apostle Paul did not want the Corinthians, or us today, to be ignorant about Spiritual Gifts. (I Corinthians 12:1) The Corinthians knew about Spiritual Gifts but were ignorant of the purpose of them. The Charismatic movement today denies what the Bible says about Spiritual Gifts. The Bible, the Word of God, and the Holy Spirit will not contradict each other. What we see today in the Charismatic movement contradicts what the Bible says about Spiritual Gifts.

I Corinthians 12:4-6 There are diversities of gifts, but the same Spirit gives them as there are differences of administrations, but the same Lord, and diversities of operations, but the same God worketh all in all. All of the Spiritual Gifts that were given to the Corinthians were given to them by the Holy Spirit. The word (Administrations) is where we get our word (Deacon) from. A deacon is a servant of God and the Church. God did not give the gifts to men to profit from as so many do today.

We have in I Corinthians 12:4 the Spirit, V:5 The Lord, V:6 God: here is the Trinity. This is important because one-fourth of the Charismatic Movement denies the Doctrine of the Trinity.

I Corinthians 13:8-13 The Bibles states charity (love) never fails, but prophecies shall fail, and tongues will cease, prophecies and tongues the Bible said, will be done away with, when that which is perfect is come (Bible). We have today the complete Word of God, so now abideth faith hope and charity, with charity the greatest.

The Miraculous signs and gifts were for the unsaved, not for the saved. I Corinthians 14:22.... *Wherefore tongues are for a sign, not to them that believe, but to them that believe not...* Read verse 23.

The use of tongues and other spiritual gifts in the Church of Corinth were a distraction in the worship service. I Corinthians 14:7-19, 40

The Bible states that God and Jesus know the ones that are saved, their children, believer, ones in family of God, Christian. John 10:27-29. We have in Matthew 7:21-23 those who have prophesied in His name, cast out devils in His name, and have done many wonderful Works, and Jesus will say to them **HE NEVER KNEW THEM:** they were never saved!!! They were workers of iniquity. The question we stated in the first page of Spiritual Gifts, are they of God?

1. I Corinthians 12:1 Does God want us to be ignorant of spiritual gifts?
2. I Corinthians 12:4, 5, 6, Is the Trinity seen in these verses?

3. I Corinthians 12:28 List the gifts that are given in this verse in order.
4. I Corinthians 13:1-2-3-4,13 What is the greatest gift?
5. I Corinthians 13:8 Which gift would fail and which one cease?
6. I Corinthians 13:13 Which gifts are there today?
7. I Corinthians 14:5 Which is greater, one that prophesies or one who speaks in an unknown tongue?
8. I Corinthians 14:7-9 Should we speak in a tongue that is easy to understand or an indistinct tongue?
9. I Corinthians 14:22 What was tongues and prophesying for?
10. Matthew 7:21-23 What will some claim and what will Jesus say into them?

DOCTRINE
BOOK 8
THE CHURCH

First of all, we want to see what a **CHURCH** is. We get our English word Church from the Greek word Ecclesia. The word Ecclesia means a called-out assembly.

John the Baptist was a man sent from God to prepare the people to accept Jesus. (John 1:6-9, 23) (Matthew 3:1-3) John the Baptist through his preaching later had many disciples. (John 1:35) (Andrew) (Matthew 9:14)

Jesus, walking by the Sea of Galilee, saw two brethren Simon called Peter and Andrew and as He walked, He saw James and John. These He called (Ecclesia) to follow him and later they were named Apostles along with the other eight. In Matthew, we see Jesus calling Matthew. (Matthew 4:18-22; Matthew 9:9; Matthew 10:1-4; Luke 6:12-16) In the Book of I Corinthians 12:28, we see God had set the Apostles first in the church. So, we see that Jesus was the Founder of the Church on the shores of the Sea of Galilee.

Jesus said He would build His Church and not anyone else. Some believe Peter to be the founder of the Church. A careful study of Matthew 16:13-19 shows that Jesus is the founder of the church (V:18 I will build MY CHURCH). The words I WILL BUILD in the Greek means to build up, enlarge, expand. Jesus is the **ROCK (PETRA)** a large boulder, solid rock, mass of rock, Peter is a (**PETROS**) a pebble or little stone. Jesus founded the Church during His personal ministry before the day of Pentecost. In Ephesians 5:23, we see Jesus is the **HEAD** of the Church. Also, Jesus paid for the **CHURCH** with His own blood, (Acts 20:28). The **CHURCH** is **HIS**.

The Nature of the Church is that it is local and visible, not universal, and invisible. There are over 100 Scriptures that shows this. (I Corinthians 1:2; I Corinthians 16:1,19; Philemon 2; Revelation 1:4; Romans 16:1,16; I Corinthians 4:17; 6:4; 7:17; 10:32 any many more.

The Church that Jesus founded was a Missionary church. We see the Church sending out Missionaries.

First Jesus sent his church out to proclaim the gospel, (Matthew 4:18-22) make you fishers of men, (Matthew 10:44) Jesus sending the 12 Apostles out, and then the Great Commission to the church in Matthew 28:18-20. They were to go, teach, baptize, and teach them all things. We see in Acts 1:8 He told the church they would be witnesses into all the world. (Mark 3:14; John 20:21) Then in Acts the church sent out Barnabas (Acts 11:19-22) to Antioch. And in Acts 13:1-4 the church sent out Saul (Paul) and Barnabas to the work God had called them to.

Jesus said the gates of hell will not prevail against His church, Matthew 16:18. This means the church the Jesus founded will be here till He comes again. Ephesians 3:21

Conclusion:

1. Jesus is the Founder the church.
2. A true church must have the right Founder.
3. He founded it before the day of Pentecost.
4. Jesus is the Head of the church.
5. It is a Missionary Church.
6. The church is local and visible.
7. Jesus is the Rock the church was built on.
8. Church will be here till Jesus comes again.
9. He paid for the church.
10. A church is a group of called out believers that will carry out the Great commission.

1. John 1:6-9, 23 Who was the man sent from God to prepare the people for Christ?
2. Matt.4:18-22 Who did Jesus call to be fishers of men?
3. Matthew 9:9 Who did Jesus call to follow Him?
4. I Corinthians 12:28 Who did God set first in the church?
5. Ephesians 5:23 Who is the head of the church?
6. Matthew 4:18-22; Matthew 10:1-4 Did Jesus send them out to preach and teach the gospel?
7. Acts 11:19-22; Acts 13:1-4 Who did the church send out?
8. Acts 20:28 Did Jesus pay for the church and how?
9. What does the words (I Will Build) mean in the Greek?
10. Is the church local and visible is so give scriptures.

CHURCH COVENANT

Having been led, as we believe, by the Spirit of God to receive the Lord Jesus Christ our Saviour, and on the profession of our faith, having been baptized in the name of the Father and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, we do now in the presence of God, angels, and this assembly, most solemnly and joyfully enter into covenant with one another, as one body in Christ.

We engage therefore, by the aid of the Holy Spirit, to walk together in Christian love; to strive for the advancement of this church, in knowledge, holiness, and comfort; to promote its prosperity and spirituality to sustain its worship, ordinance, discipline, and doctrines; to contribute cheerfully and regularly to the support of the ministry the expenses of the church, the relief of the poor, and the spread of the gospel through all nations.

We also engage to maintain family and secret devotion; to religiously educate our children; to seek the salvation of our kindred and acquaintances, to walk circumspectly in the world; to be just in our dealings, faithful in our engagements, and exemplary in our deportment; to avoid all tattling backbiting, and excessive anger; to abstain from sale and use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage, and to be zealous in our efforts to advance the Kingdom of our Saviour.

We further engage to watch over one another in brotherly love; to remember each other in prayer; to aid each other in sickness and distress; to cultivate Christian sympathy in feeling and courtesy in speech; to be slow to take offense; but always ready for reconciliation, and mindful of the rules of our Saviour to secure it without delay.

We moreover engage that when we remove from this place, we will as soon as possible unite with some other church where we can carry out the spirit of this covenant and the principles of God's Word.

It is the Spirit of God that draws one to Jesus for salvation. (John. 6:44) The Spirit is the one that quickeneth and reproves. (John 6:63; John 16:8) Those that resist the calling of the Spirit for salvation cannot be saved.

When a person believes and accepts Jesus, He becomes our Saviour. We must make a profession of our faith (declare) that we believe in Jesus as Saviour and make open confession of Jesus.

After a person is saved, they should be baptized in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.

As a member of that church, they are to help in the advancement of that church, live a holy life, attend regularly, give regularly, sustain the doctrines and to help spread the gospel to all nations.

A Christian family should maintain family and secret devotion, educate their children in the Lord, walk upright in the world, deal with each other fairly, abstain from use of strong drink.

We should care and help each other and have brotherly love toward each other, pray for each other, live a life pleasing to Jesus.

When one moves from where they live they should unite with some other church of like faith where they can carry out this covenant.

1. John 6:44 Does the Father have to draw to be saved ?
2. John 6:63 Who quickeneth us?
3. John 16:8 What will the Spirit do to the believer?
4. John 3:36 If we believe on the Son, what do we have?
5. Romans 10:9 How is a person saved?
6. Matthew 10:32 Who should we confess Jesus before?
7. Matthew 28:19 Whose name are the saved baptized in?
8. Romans 6:4 Baptism is a type of what?
9. Romans 6:5 We are planted in the likeness of what?
10. Ephesians 3:21 How does God receive glory?
11. Acts 2:41 After they receive the word what took place?
12. John 13:34 Should we love one another?
13. John 13:35 How does one know if you are one of Jesus disciples?
14. I Peter 2:21 In whose steps should we follow in?
15. Luke 14:23 How are we to try to fill the house of the Lord?
16. Romans 16:1 Should we be a servant to the church?
17. II Timothy 2:15 How does one show themselves approved of God?
18. II Peter 3:18 What should we grow in?
19. I Peter 1:15 Should we be holy in our conversation?
20. I Peter 1:16 Why should we be holy?
21. II Corinthians 1:3 The Father is a Father of what?
22. John 14:15 If we love God (Jesus) what should we do?
23. Romans 15:1 We that are strong should do what?
24. Acts 1:8 Where should we be a witness?
25. Galatians 5:25 Walk should we walk in?
26. Hebrews 10:25 Should we assemble together?
27. I Peter 3:21 What does baptism show?
28. II Corinthians 9:7 How should a person give unto the Lord?